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THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION.

A National Convention of the Republican party
will meet at Chicago, Wednesday, the 2d day
of June next, for the nomination of candidates to
be supported for President and Vice President at
the next election.

Republicans, and all who will co-operate with
them in supporting the nominee of the party, are
invited to choose two delegates from each
Congressional District, four at large from each
State, two from each Territory, and two from
the District of Columbia, to represent them in
the Convention.

J. D. CAMERON, Chairman.
THOMAS B. KEOGH, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Rooms of the
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
MILWAUKEE, February 13, 1880.
A State Convention of delegates representing
the Republican party of Wisconsin, and of all
who will co-operate with them in supporting the
nominee of the party, is hereby called to meet
at the Capitol in Madison, at twelve o'clock M.
on Wednesday, May 5th, 1880, for the purpose of
placing in nomination an electoral ticket of ten
electors to be supported by the party at the next
Presidential election, and also to select twenty
delegates, (two from each Congressional district
and four from the State at large,) to represent the
Republican party of Wisconsin in the National
Republican Convention, which is called to meet
at Chicago on the 2d day of June, A. D. 1880, and
to transact such other business as may be deemed
necessary.

Each Senate and Assembly District is entitled to
two delegates in the Convention.
R. H. BAKER, Chairman,
F. D. WEISS,
J. H. PALMER,
J. H. KEYSER,
P. L. SPOONER, JR.,
E. H. WAGGONER,
E. BOWEN,
J. R. BRIGMAN,
L. F. FRISBY,
CHAS. LUTHER,
G. W. CARTER,
J. H. H. FOSTER,
L. S. S. S.,
HENRY COUSINS,
F. A. HENNER,
S. W. HUNT,
H. O. FAIRBANKS,
State Central Committee.

The Madison papers have "labored and
brought forth a mouse," and a scrawny
mouse at that.

Senator Burrows made a splendid fight
against biennial sessions, and if there had
been a newspaper in Madison to have
given him aid, he probably would have
gained his case in the Senate.

There has yet been no candidate named
by the party who the Democrats would
like to have nominated. They kick against
Grant, Blaine, and Washburne, which is
an acknowledgment that either is too
strong for the Democrats.

The Omaha Herald refuses to publish
further reports of the proceedings of the
Common Council of that city on account
of their vulgar and profane character.
This example may be followed by
the press in cities East of Omaha.

Here is an important contrast: The
Speaker in the House of Representatives
at Washington receives a salary of \$10,000
a year. The Speaker of the English House
of Commons is served a great deal better.
His regular salary is \$20,000 a year, and
\$5,000 as equipment money, besides
2,000 ounces of silver plate on his election,
\$5,000 a year for stationery, and fees
amounting to \$15,000 a year.

There will be enacted another farce in
Kemper county, Mississippi, next week,
being the trial of Virgil Gully, for the
cold-blooded murder of Senator John P.
Gilmer. The murder was as unprovoked
and heartless as that of Judge Chisolm,
but that will make no difference in Kemper
county. A jury will be empaneled
composed of men who think it no crime
to assassinate a Republican, and conse-
quently, Gully will be acquitted. The so-
called trial will begin on Monday.

The interest question has at last been
settled so far as the Assembly is concerned,
that body having ordered to a third reading
the bill to make the legal rate of interest
six per cent, and the contract rate eight
per cent. There was a strong sentiment in
the Assembly favorable to this bill, and was
ordered to a third reading by a vote of 71
to 18. The proposition to make the legal
rate seven per cent, but leave the contract
rate unlimited, was defeated by a vote of
63 to 28. It is thought that the bill will
be concurred in by the Senate.

Senator Burrows then proceeded to review the
minority report presented by Senator McFet-
ridge. After which he proceeded to review the
letters of six governors which have been pub-
lished in a village paper in Rock county. The
review was most complete, and the senator so
completely demolished the letters and arguments
of the biennialists that there remained absolutely
nothing of it.

The above is from a Madison paper
which gives a brief outline of Senator
Burrows' speech against biennial sessions.
The "letters of six Governors," and the
"village paper in Rock county," seem to
have contributed quite materially to the
success of the biennial sessions resolution,
much to the annoyance of the Madison
papers.

Janesville is the only city in the State
which lays the slightest claim to prosperity
and enterprise, whose railway facilities
have not been added to within the past
few years. It is nearly a quarter of a cen-
tury since the line was finished between
Fond du Lac and Chicago, and during that
time several lines have been built near
enough to our city to injure it, but not a
single mile to be of direct advantage. In
that period, the number of distinct roads
and branches running to and through
Madison, has increased from one to nearly
half a dozen. Oshkosh and Fond du Lac
have each several additional lines, while
the business facilities of Appleton, La
Crosse, Hudson, Racine, and Green Bay,
have been quadrupled by increased railway
connections. Janesville ought to share in
this general boom, and it is the one thing
needful to establish the prosperity of our
city on an enduring basis.

The New York Methodist, a religious
newspaper of considerable pretensions and

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 23

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1880.

NUMBER 307

not a little influence, in a measure tries
to defend the rascal Cowley, who starved and
illegitimately the little orphan children placed
in his charge. That paper says it was
hardly the thing for Cowley to do, but
then—there are worse men than he in
Congress, and therefore he should not be
too severely censured. The Methodist
wants to cut and slash at Congressmen
and others for being dishonest,
but wants to shield a minister
who has been proved to be an inhuman
wretch, besides being thoroughly dishonest.
This would remind the public of how
Dr. Lushan, of the Methodist Book Con-
cern, New York, a few years ago, was
abused and censured, and incarcerated in
Ludlow Street Jail, because he had the
manly courage to bring charges against
Dr. Carlton, also of the Book Concern, for
crooked book-keeping and other dishonest
transactions. Bad ministers are no better
than bad politicians and bad business men,
and when they are caught stealing or are
found to starve and ill-treat little children,
they should be condemned.

The Madisonians are in a state of un-
tenable despair. The beauty and imperi-
city of their city are everywhere known,
but they have come entirely from money
furnished by the State and Nation. Such
vast amounts have been expended in Mad-
ison on the Capitol, the University, the
Orphan Asylum, the Insane Asylum, the
postoffice building, and the dozen other
concerns of State and National creation,
that when a season passes without an out-
lay of tens of thousands on some public
enterprise, there is a general disappoint-
ment. But when a proposition to lessen
the annual expenditures by the State on
that city bears a prospect of success, its
residents grow absolutely wild and seem to
see municipal dissolution impending. They
disagree violently in politics, and have
very antagonistic ideas in regard to reli-
gion; but when a scheme is offered by which
the State can be defrauded, they combine
and embrace each other with a harmony
and unanimity born only of rascality. This
is illustrated by the school book project, by
which a ring of interested persons proposed
to make every scholar in the State use
only books published by that ring, under
heavy penalties to the offenders. It was
composed of the most diverse elements,
and they stood on no common basis except
that of public plunder. The people of the
State are disgusted with these continual
machinations, and look with distrust and
suspicion on every proposition which has
the warm support of the Madisonians. This
is doubtless one reason why the constitu-
tional amendment for biennial sessions of
the Legislature has been received with
such general favor. The papers of that
city have opposed with the most bitter and
ungenerous pertinacity, and considering the
nature of their opposition, the citizens
of Wisconsin do not believe it arises from
a disinterested love for the public welfare.
It is certain that not to our people and
stability to our laws will follow the adop-
tion of this amendment and it is no way certain
that in time our inhabitants will not de-
mand biennial or quadrennial sessions.

The speech which Senator Burrows
made on Thursday night in the Senate
chamber to a full Senate and crowded
galleries and lobbies, was the most impor-
tant speech delivered in the Legislature
this session. On the side of annual sessions,
he was searching and able as a speech could
be. It showed that Senator Burrows
is one of the finest and readiest speakers in
the Senate. We will not say that the effort
was worthy of a better cause, because that
would be unjust to the motives of Senator
Burrows, and further that the subject of
biennial sessions is one on which
men may honestly differ. But we fear the
Senator mistakes the position of the ques-
tion in publishing the letters from the six
Governors. We very reasonably pre-
sumed that the Governors of Iowa, Min-
nesota, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, and
Missouri, would know something about the
feeling in their respective States
regarding biennial sessions, as they had
been tried there for many years. We also
had a right to presume that the Govern-
ors of these States would know something
about the economy of biennial sessions.
For these reasons we wrote the Govern-
ors, and gave the public their answers.
These letters have gained quite a promi-
nence throughout the State, probably
more than they deserve, but they
were published for what they
were worth, and it is Governor Pillsbury,
Gear, Cullom, Grosvenor, Williams, and
Peipels, did not write facts, that is not our
fault, and we can take no responsibility in
the matter. The Senator is in error when
he says the letters were "procured and
paraded with a flourish by the Janesville
Gazette." They appeared in small type,
were modestly introduced, and were not
even honored with display head-lines. We
never gave them an endorsement even, but
simply published them for the benefit of
the public, presuming, of course, that the
highest officials in those States would
know something about public
sentiment on the subject and
would also have some idea as to the
economic part of the question. The Gazette
will further say to Senator Burrows, that
it has not been, and neither will it be
fascinated on the question of biennial ses-
sions. It will treat the matter candidly,
independently, and fairly, and unlike the
Madison papers, will give facts whether
they demolish or build up the biennial
sessions theory. It believed the Legisla-
ture should submit the question to the
people, inasmuch as there was a strong
feeling in the State favorable to biennial
sessions, and therefore we urged, as best we
could, the adoption of the resolution. It
is best, we think, to let the people vote on
it, and if it proves a bad change, it will

soon be abandoned, and the experience
will be worth all its cost. Does Senator
Burrows find any fault with a position so
fair as this?

NOT ANY TILDEN.

A Consultation of Eight Hun-
dred Tammany Democrats.

Held in their Wigwam Last
Evening in New York.

The Speeches Not Very Com-
plimentary to Tilden.

The Views of the Principal
Speakers at the Meeting.

None of Whom Speak Kindly
of the Gramercy Park
Sage.

The Fourth and Last Day of
Senator Logan's Speech

On the Restoration of Fitz John
Porter to the Army.

Execution of Walter Kilgore of
Mexico, Missouri.

Stella Barlow's Failure to Elope
With Her Lover.

The Latest Invention from Men-
lo Park.

THE TILTON FAMILY.

Special to the Gazette.
New York, March 6.—The Tilton family
have become reconciled, and are now en-
gaged in fitting up their fine residence on
LIVINGSTON street, Brooklyn.

BURGLARS AND FIRE.

Special to the Gazette.
WOODSTOCK, Ill., March 6.—Burglars en-
tered Day's block and the American Ex-
press Company's office last night, blowing
open the safes with nitroglycerine. The
building caught fire, and also Jefferson's
ware house and all are a total loss. Loss
\$40,000.

NOT ANY TILDEN.

A Warm Meeting of Tammany Hall
Democrats.

New York, March 5.—A meeting of
about 800 of the Tammany Hall Democrats
was held this evening at the Wigwam for
consultation. Mr. Jerome Buck delivered a
speech full of references to that Demo-
cracy which seems now to be only a tradi-
tion,—"the good old Democracy" of the
Revolutionary epoch and of the time of
Jefferson, Jackson, and Clinton. This
naturally, as he began to descend to argu-
ment, brought him "down," literally, as
well as historically and chronologically, to
the Democracy of to-day, and to Mr. Tilden
especially. Mr. Buck said the example of
the "old times" ought to strengthen our
true Democracy to oppose any man who
for personal reason or ambition, endeav-
ored to overthrow the principles of equal-
ity and the right of the majority, as em-
bodied in original Democracy. "If to-day,"
he said, "those true and tried leaders were
to appear, the ghost of Tildenism would
shrink back abashed and sink into a deep
gray that that which now confuses it." But
the Democracy must be true to itself, or
else this coming fall its grave would be
dug, and it would be buried in the grave
of personal ambition.

The old foes of the party were again in
the campaign, and they must be fought for
pure and free principles in government;
for what Democrat could forget that the
very suggestion of a third term portended
a limited monarchy and the obliteration of
the republicanism of government? If the
third-term idea should prevail, however,
Tammany Hall would still be the refuge
of American patriots, the ark in which
they would find always the living prin-
ciples of civil and religious liberty.

Another delegate took the floor, and be-
gan by lauding Mr. Kelly's campaign
against Tildenism last fall. He said the
Democracy of the State, by their responses
to Tammany Hall, showed every day that
a still greater triumph would perch on
their banners this fall if Mr. Tilden tried
to control the councils of the party, and
that they would resist his oligarchy to
the last. The speaker asked: "Is there
no man in this country fit to be
President but Mr. Tilden?" If not, what a calamity awaited the land if
old Tilden should die. The line of the
whole Presidential succession would cease.
[Laughter.] There would not be many
regrets if Tilden should die, but for one he
hoped the old man would live, for if he
died to use his power against this organ-
ization it would bury him so deep that fall
that the "hand of resurrection" could not
extricate him from the grave.

[Applause.] For one he wanted no can-
didate for President who had had charges
made against him; no railroad wrecker;
no man who, when elected, had not the
courage to take his office; no man who,
instead of showing courage, went out to
bribe and buy votes from Florida and
South Carolina; and he wanted no man
who had invented the system of
cipher dispatches, as his candidate
for President. [Applause.] Was the
Democrat party so poor in candidates?
Were was Church, and Bayard,
Lincoln, and Potter, and Thurman, and
Palmer, and last, the greatest of all, Hor-
atio Seymour? [Applause.] The speaker
closed by predicting a great victory for
the Democratic party next fall, "if it be
only true to itself and its principles."

FITZ JOHN PORTER.

Conclusion of Logan's Great Four
Days' Speech.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Senator Logan
spoke all day again to-day, and completed
his argument in the Fitz John Porter case.
He was listened to with as much attention
on the fourth day as upon the first, and
held the interest of his audience to the

last. General Sherman and Fitz John
Porter are at least two men who
have not lost a word of Logan's
fourteen hour speech. The argument
upon the Senate has had a marked effect.
Logan has convinced all the doubtful men
on the Republican side, and the incon-
vertible points he has made have not been
lost on the Democratic side. His speech
adds a chapter of great legal and historical
value to the volumes that have been writ-
ten on the Porter case. Senator Carpenter
will speak Monday.

THE CALLOWS.

MEXICO, Mo., March 5.—Walker Kilgore,
the murderer of L. Dow Williamson, was
executed here to-day in the presence of
over 5,000 persons. At exactly 12:30, the
doomed man, accompanied by Sheriff
Glascok, Deputy Sheriff Hooton, two
priests, and a guard of twelve men, left the
jail and proceeded to the place of execution,
which was situated about one mile east of
the town. At 1:15 the prisoner ascended
the scaffold with his spiritual advisers,
Fathers O'Leary and Stack, of this city,
the Sheriff, and the Deputy. Kilgore was
attired in a neat suit of black clothes. He
appeared cool, calm, and collected, never
taking his eyes off the crowd he held in his
hands. A short mass was read, the pri-
or kneeling after which the death warrant
was read by the Sheriff. Kilgore repeated
the Lord's Prayer in a loud voice, perfectly
audible to the thousands present. The
black cap was then placed over his head,
and the noose adjusted. After bidding
the priests, sheriff, and attendant "good-
bye," as there was no objection to pay the
last will and testament of the law.
He was pronounced dead by the attend-
ing physicians seventeen minutes after the
trap was sprung, and at 2 o'clock,
just thirty minutes after he fell, his
body was cut down and delivered to his
friends. He will be buried to-morrow at the
old Barrett farm, two miles from town.

This is the first execution that ever oc-
curred in Audrain county, and as early as
6 o'clock the city was full of strange faces
all bent on the same purpose—to see Kil-
gore hung. The press was well represented
by correspondents of New York, Chi-
cago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and many
local papers. It is expected a similar
scene will be witnessed on the 21st of
April, when two colored men will be exe-
cuted for murder in the first degree.

SMALL CHANGE.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—A great deal of
complaint is daily received from the West
because of the lack of fractional currency
and it is stated that in many places small
silver coin is so rare that people have to use
postage stamps for change. Treasurer Gil-
land said to-day that he was not to blame
because the silver change was in the vaults
of the Treasury instead of in circulation,
as there was no appropriation to pay the
expenses of its shipment. People who want
fractional or other silver coin can obtain it
in exchange for legal tender notes, by
paying the express charges at government
contract rates, which are three mills per
mile on every \$500 or fraction thereof. There
was in the Treasury vaults to-day \$21,000,000
in fractional silver out of \$39,000,000 coined.
There were \$7,000,000 standard silver
dollars and \$146,000,000 in gold coin and
bullion in the Treasury to-day.

EDISON'S LATEST.

New York, March 5.—What time Ed-
ison can spare from his electric light he de-
votes to the perfecting of his plan for ob-
taining gold out of ore already used and
cast away by the miners. The process he
claims to have invented. He has so well
satisfied a number of mining engineers
and capitalists that his claim is well found-
ed, that a company has already been
organized to work over the tailings
cast off at the furnaces or
the great mines. It was learned yesterday
that this company have contracted for and
secured 50,000 tons of this product among
the mining districts of Virginia, City and
Leadville. The process by which Edison
proposes to obtain gold is yet secret.
It is said, however, that quicksilver en-
ters largely into the process, as do also,
in lesser degree, oxide of lead, carbonate
of soda, charcoal dust, and powdered
glass.

THE WASHBURN CASE.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Contrary to
expectation, the Committee on Elections
did not vote on the Washburn case to-
day, but, for some reason or other, the
Democrats were not ready, and the
Bradley-Siemons case, of Arkansas, was
taken up instead. The supposition is that
some of the Democrats cannot exactly see
how they can conscientiously vote to turn
Washburn out, and the vote was postponed
to-day in order that a little heavier
pressure might be brought to bear.

MITCHELL.

MILWAUKEE, March 5.—The James C.
Mitchell who has been so extensively writ-
ten up in different parts of the country for
forging and jumping hotel bills, turns out
to be a well known young attorney of this
place, who was for some time a partner of
N. C. Murphy. He left numerous unpaid
bills here, and has cheated hotels in Chi-
cago, St. Paul and elsewhere. He has
been accustomed to dressing well and go-
ing in good society.

STELLA BARLOW.

Oconomowoc, March 5.—A lady from
La Crosse, Stella Barlow by name, was
arrested by the Sheriff of this place while
on her way to Chicago. It appears Miss
B. has tried several times to elope with a
young man whom her parents oppose, and
each time has failed. Her lover, being in
another car, passed on, not knowing that
the telegraph had spoiled their little game.

THE CIPHERER.

CHICAGO, March 5.—S. J. Tilden, who
was reported to be en route for Chicago, is
not here. In fact he has not been on route.
He is probably even now engaged on new
ciphers at Gramercy Park.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Assembly Votes to Ad-
journal on the 13th.

And Instructs All Committees
to Report Next Wednes-
day.

A Communication from the
Governor Relating to the Res-
ervoirs on Our Rivers.

Other Important Business Dis-
posed of To-day.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Special to the Gazette.

ASSEMBLY.
MADISON, March 6.—In the Assembly
this morning a joint resolution was adopted
providing for cutting off business on
Thursday next, and providing for a final
adjournment one week from to-day.

All committees were instructed to re-
port by next Wednesday.

Senate bills were concurred in provid-
ing for more efficient organization of the
State militia.

Appropriating two thousand dollars to
the State Agricultural Society, \$750 hun-
dred dollars to the Central Wisconsin
Agricultural Society and fifteen thousand
to the Milwaukee Industrial School for
Girls.

Also giving the North Wisconsin Rail-
way power to grade forty miles of new
road this year instead of completing
twenty miles.

Assembly bills were passed regulating
the rate of interest, the legal rate at six,
and contract rate at eight.

The Senate Committee on State Affairs
reported adversely on the Assembly joint
resolution providing for female suffrage,
as there is no record that it passed the
Assembly by a Constitutional majority.

The Governor sent in a communication
in view of the favorable action by Con-
gress on the pending bill to construct res-
ervoirs upon the head waters of the
Upper Mississippi, Wisconsin, St. Croix
and Chippewa rivers; urging the State to
withdraw from sale all its lands likely to
be required in the erection of such dams
and reservoirs. Also to provide legislation
enabling the Government to prosecute the
work without delay.

It is estimated that there will be required
in Wisconsin for this work fifty-nine thou-
sand one hundred and forty-four acres of
swamp lands, and seven thousand seven
hundred and ninety-six acres of school
lands.

A bill was passed authorizing the St.
Paul and Chicago short line railway to
build a bridge over Lake St. Croix.

A bill was killed enabling Fellenz and
Bentley to bring suit against the State for
balance alleged to be due on a contract
with the Northern Insane Asylum.

HENDRICKSON.

WAUKESHA, March 5.—The committee
who have been investigating the accounts
of ex-Superintendent Hendrickson, of the
Industrial School for Boys, have concluded
their labors. It was discovered that sev-
eral bills had been twice paid. These bills
which were found to have been twice
allowed, amount in all to \$113.78, making
\$142.27, which amount is now due the
State from Mr. Hendrickson. Mr. Hend-
rickson having taken the bookkeeper's
accounts as correct, was not aware that he
had divided into a Senate district. These mis-
takes were brought to light by the expert.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A HISTORY OF OUR OWN TIMES. By JAMES
MC CARTHY. In two volumes. Harper & Broth-
ers, publishers. For sale by Janes, McCall, Jr.,
& Co., Chicago, and by the Janesville dealers.
Vol. 1, \$1.25.
To chronicle as history events of such
recent occurrence as to be within the
memory of many of the readers is a task
so difficult to perform, without allowing
prejudice to warp or bias the judgment,
that few would attempt it, and yet this
writer seems to have overcome many of
these difficulties to a large extent. The
volume gives one a keen appetite for more.
Its opening pages are not filled by any
prosy introduction, or by any futile attempt
to condense all preceding history into
drearyness preparation for the work itself.
Its very opening sentence is the announce-
ment of the death of King William, and
the accession of Queen Victoria, and the
description of events a peculiar fascination,
which rivets the attention of the reader.
It is brightened by the narration of details
and incidents, which breathe it with a
seeming life. The pages breathe. The
history embodies those events from the
accession of Queen Victoria to the Berlin
Congress, and fills a really needed want.
Many there are who form very imperfect
and disconnected ideas of England, by the
daily culling of events as given in the
passing literature, and if they desire to re-
fresh the memory, there seems to be nothing
convenient or reliable at hand. To such
this work will be most welcome. The
historian has wisely judged that political
events alone do not make up the history
of a nation, and has interwoven much to
show the growth and changes
in the social and intellectual
fields. It is a most enjoyable and
highly practical review of the events
of our times, and cannot but be eagerly
read.

NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE. By HENRY JAMES,
Jr. Harper & Brothers, publishers. For sale
by Janes, McCall, Jr., & Co., Chicago, and by the
Janesville dealers. Price 75 cents.

This is another of the series of "English
Men of Letters," edited by John Morley,
and it surely will meet with a hearty wel-
come by the many readers of "Scarlet Let-
ter" and the other popular works penned

by Hawthorne. No one can peruse this
little volume without kindling a desire to
know more of Hawthorne by reading his
works, and all those with whom this
author has been a favorite, will enjoy this
sketch of his life with a peculiar relish.
It is not an attempt to
make a glowing, sensational
biography, for there is little material for
such a work. It gives a clear insight into
Hawthorne's personal characteristics, and
gives a running sketch of his life, but the
pages are mainly of the nature of a critical
essay. The essayist is evidently a strong
admirer of the author, and touches with
gentleness upon all faults, and yet he evi-
dently seeks to place justice above favoritism.
He touches lightly the socialistic
experiment at Brook Farm, points out the
faults in the three chief novels, but calls
them "mere flaws," rather defends the
author's sarcastic account of England in
"Our Old Home," and seems to find grim
satisfaction in the thought that it is a much
more sympathetic work than has been
given by any of those foreigners who have
related their misadventures in this country.
Some of the pages show an apparent care-
lessness in writing, but yet the material
and the composition are so fascinating that
one is forced to forget and forgive this. It
is a work which every lover of literature,
every reader of Hawthorne, should place in
the library.

THE GREATEST HEIRESS IN ENGLAND—A
novel by Mrs. OLIPHANT, Franklin Square Li-
brary. Harper & Brothers, publishers. For
sale by Janes, McCall, Jr., & Co., Chicago, and
the Janesville dealers. Price 15 cents.

Mrs. Oliphant is no stranger, and the
many popular works from her pen, will
cause this to be eagerly sought for by her
many admirers. It is written in a happy
vein, and is among her best productions.

QUEEN OF THE MADUW—A novel by
CHARLES GIBSON. Franklin Square Library.
Price 15 cents.

A charming story of country life, yet
dulled by no mere pastoral sentimentality.
It is bright, and earnest, and is fully up to
the author's high standard.

SIR JOHN—By the author of "Anne Dysart,"
etc. Franklin Square Library. Price 15
cents.

A story of high order, well written, and
one in which the interest is kept up until
the very close.

SWEET NELLY, MY HEART'S DELIGHT—A
novel by JAMES BURNES and ALFRED BURNES,
Franklin Square Library. Price 15 cents.

Not a sickly sentimentality, as the title
might indicate, but a sensational story with
a tender side. It is well written.

THE MUNSTER CIRCUIT—By J. H. O'FLAHER-
GAN, barrister-at-law, and author of "The
Irish Bar," etc. Franklin Square Library.
Price 15 cents.

A most interesting compilation of tales,
trials, and traditions in the Munster Cir-
cuit, being a companion work to "The
Irish Bar." Every lawyer should read
this, and yet its interest is not confined to
them. It recites some most startling cases,
and gives many incidents of trials of noted
cases.

BIENNIAL SESSIONS.

The Senate Concurs in the Assem-
bly Resolutions—Text of the Measure.

Following is the text of the Assembly
resolution (introduced by Mr. Troy), re-
garding biennial sessions, which was con-
curred in the Senate Thursday evening:

Section 1. Resolved by the Assembly,
the Senate concurring, That the following
amendments to the constitution of this
State are hereby proposed and adopted:
Amendments 4, 5, 11 and 21 of article IV
of the constitution of the State of Wiscon-
sin, so as to read as follows:

Section 4. The members of the Assem-
bly shall be chosen biennially, by single
districts, on Tuesday following the first
Monday in November, after the adoption
of this amendment by the qualified electors
of the several districts to be, bounded by
county, precinct, town, or ward lines, to
consolidate contiguous territory, and be in
compact form as practicable.

Section 5. The Senators shall be elected
by single districts of convenient, contiguous
territory, once in four years, at the
same time and in the same manner as
members of the Assembly are required to
be chosen, and no Assembly district shall
be divided into a Senate district. Dis-
tricts shall be numbered in regular series,
and the Senators shall be chosen separately
from odd and even numbered districts.
The Senators elected after the adoption of
this amendment, shall go out of office at
the expiration of three years after their
election, and all Senators thereafter elected
shall hold their office for a term of four
years.

Section 11. The Legislature shall meet
at the seat of government at such

FIFTEEN GAME.

An Explanation and Solution of This Latest and Newest-Fangled of Puzzles—The "Fifteen Game," or "Fifteen Puzzle," as it is called—A Remarkable Game It Has Caused.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Various accounts have been given of the invention of the "Fifteen Game," otherwise known as the "Gem Puzzle," which is just now having a run second only to that of "Puzzle." According to one story it is the invention of a deaf mute in Hartford, who made it for the entertainment of the inmates of the asylum where he lived, without a thought of the insane asylums for which it seems likely to make so many patients. Another story ascribes the thing to the postmaster at Canastota, N. Y., who gave the game to a lady in Syracuse, who sent it to a lady at Watch Hill, who took it home to Hartford, where a Boston man saw it, and so on. But whoever invented it, it is the manufacturer who is reaping the profit. It is not patented, but the manufacturer appears to have been confined thus far to two New England firms, who are said to have been turning out the games at the rate of six or eight thousand a day, and still hardly to have supplied the demand. The puzzle is to be seen everywhere. From the judge on the bench to the boy on the street, everybody is puzzling over it. The scientific people are discussing it, and for the last few days the newspapers have been full of it. The apparatus consists of sixteen little squares of wood, numbered consecutively from one to sixteen, and fitting exactly in a shallow square box. In use, the numbered 16 is removed, and there is one blank space left, which allows the blocks to slide, one square at a time, and they are thus to be arranged without removing them from the box. The fifteen squares being mixed and placed indiscriminately in the box, the problem is to arrange them in regular arithmetical series, as in the following diagram:

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	

Any one can make the game for himself by cutting the little squares from a clear box, or by dividing the bottom of a square paste-board box, first into quarters and then into sixteenths and using the lid of the box, which will of course just contain them. Or it can be played with counters on a quarter section of checker board. The game as it is sold in the shops, however, is more convenient.

THE PUZZLE.

The early moves of the game are simple enough. Starting with the 1 and working it gradually toward the corner, and following with the 2, and so on, a beginning is easily made. Then you start this line in procession around the sides of the box, gradually working the numbers in in the required order. This process cannot be described minutely, but one soon discovers a certain sort of method in it, and it looks as though the solution of the puzzle were only a question of time. The puzzle is gradually the lines are formed: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and son. Victory is at hand, and the player subdues his excitement, as best he can, while the lookers-on say, "He has it. But he hasn't. Although so near, the end is yet so far that sanguine hope gives way to despair. After working for a long time, according to the familiarity of the player with the method of the thing, this is the way it comes out:

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	

and no art can get that 15 into its right place. The more you struggle with it the worse it gets, and the laboriously arranged rows become all mixed up again. It is at this point that grim despair settles down upon all but the most courageous. Some times the 13, 14, come in their right order, and the other numbers are misplaced, but we believe that every combination can be reduced ultimately to that given above, so that the real problem is to get the 15 after the 14. An enterprising Yankee lately advertised to send the solution of this problem for two stamps, and to the many who applied he sent back the answer: "Take up No. 15 carefully between the thumb and forefinger and place him where he belongs." This is on the principle of Alexander's solution of the Gordian knot; it is heroic, but not satisfactory.

THE SOLUTION.

It is not necessary, however, to resort to such heroic measures. The 13, 14, combination is soluble, but only by changing the direction of the columns. This is the secret of the problem. The player has started with the purpose of arranging the numbers in horizontal rows, and he has failed. He has now to go on from his halting place, and arrange them in vertical columns. This is the idea intended to be conveyed by those who have spoken of "turning the board."

Thus far we have been simply moving the outer row around the board. We now make two more such movements, bringing the board to the position numbered 8, and then, in three moves, bring the 15 into the center (as in 1), and then two forward movements more:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	

It now remains only to move the 11 into

its place and the 13 into its place, and the problem is solved:

13	9	5	1
11	10	6	2
15	11	7	8
12	8	4	

But, it may be objected, the only legitimate arrangement is that represented on the lid of the box, with the numbers in horizontal order. Very well. But instead of starting out to arrange them in horizontal lines, begin with the vertical arrangement in view, with the 1 in the lower left hand corner. You can thus obtain this position:

4	8	12
3	7	11
2	6	10
1	5	9

which corresponds precisely with the first position in the above series, as can be seen by turning the board upon its side, and the same moves will bring the numbers into horizontal order, exactly as shown in the large diagram at the beginning of this article. The numbers can be arranged in either way, but the secret of success, at the apparently insuperable point, to change the direction of the columns.

THE MAGIC SQUARE.

No attempt has been made here to enter into a scientific explanation of the puzzle, or to do anything more than present one practical method of solving its difficulties. As fifteen numbers are susceptible of no less than 1,307,308,000 different combinations, it is plain that the mathematical possibilities of the puzzle cannot be treated in a single article. Another form of entertainment which the "Gem" affords is in arranging the whole sixteen squares in such order that the sum of the numbers in every continuous row, vertical, horizontal, or diagonal, shall be the same. This is a form of the old magic square, which has furnished diversion to the mathematicians for so many centuries. Magic squares were known in the east in remote ages, but the earliest known writer on the subject was a Greek of the sixteenth century, named Moschopolis, whose work was translated into Latin by De La Hire, and before the French Academy in 1691. Since that time the subject has been elaborated by a great many famous mathematicians, who have found it an exhaustless field of study, and the combinations which have been made of compound squares, magic cubes, and what not, and the abstract mathematical formula by which their construction is explained, would terrify an unlearned reader. One of the squares given by Moschopolis answers the terms of this "fifteen puzzle." We give it below, together with another arrangement of the same number:

1	15	14	4	1	16	11	6
12	6	7	9	13	4	7	10
8	10	11	5	8	9	14	3
13	3	2	16	12	5	3	15

The first arrangement is the more systematic, but the reader can work out others for himself.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Robert Toombs is said to have a genius for making money, and to be an American Croesus. He is said to be a man of like best is his reputation throughout the country as "the one only and unrepentant rebel."

The Mormons have no scruples over telling the truth about the dead. At a recent funeral in Salt Lake, President Taylor remarked: "He died a drunkard—and he will find a drunkard's grave. He has gone to hell, and there is where he deserved to go."

Short novel: A Boston woman became stage-struck; cruel husband refused to let her become an actress; she got a divorce and then failed on the stage; went back and asked hubby to forgive her. He was sucker enough to do so, and she was rewarded.

It is reported that Robert J. Burdette, the wit of the Burlington (Iowa) Hawkeye, has broken down from overwork, and has been compelled to cancel some lecture engagements. It is yet a young man, it may be hoped that the interruption of his work is but temporary.

Mr. Bartley Campbell said to a reporter of the Boston Traveler the other day: "My profits last week were \$2,000 from five different companies. My progress for the past nine years has been through a purgatorial existence, and if I have reached the haven of success I think I have fairly earned it, and any one who wants to get it at the same price has my sympathy."

Mr. Longfellow is said to write easily but very slowly, weighing every word before jotting it down in lead pencil. There is hardly an erasure in his manuscript, but when his work returns to him in proof hardly anything of its original form is left. It is asserted that the "Divine Tragedy" was re-written after most of it was in type.

Miss Booth, the able editor of Harper's Bazar, who gets \$5,000 a year salary, declares in women as workers, but finds that the majority attempt what they have not fitted themselves for, and consequently make dismal failures, retreating disheartened and ready to rail at the injustice of man. The fact is, that a woman is satisfied to accept housework, the field of employment open is larger than to destitute men. There are 25,000 house servants in New York receiving from \$10 to \$20 a month and living on the fat of the land.

Col. W. H. Higginson has been lecturing before the Harvard students on "The Young Man in Politics," and this is one of the bits of common sense which he has uttered: "Every young man about to enter a political life should abandon the patronizing feeling—the feeling that he confers a favor on the community by participating in its affairs. Splendid careers are brought to an untimely close simply on account of a patronizing way assumed toward supposed inferiors." In conclusion Colonel Higginson said: "People like an independent man, and life is rich in opportunities to one way or in another."

Winter Goods

CLEARING OUT SALE OF

LADIES' CLOAKS!

Only 51 now on hand, which for the purpose of closing out by February 1st, we have reduced as follows:

- 2 Cloaks \$20 00 each, now \$14 00.
- 4 Cloaks \$15 00 each, now \$10 00.
- 6 Cloaks 12 00 each, now 8 50.
- 12 Cloaks 10 00 each, now 7 00.
- 8 Cloaks 8 00 each, now 5 50.
- 13 Cloaks 6 00 each, now 4 00.
- 6 Cloaks 5 00 each, now 3 00.

The reductions noted above are bone fide and constitute the most attractive line of bargains ever offered in this city.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF

Ladies' Furs! FURNITURE!

Prices out down as follows:
Mink Sets from \$25 00 to \$15 00.
Mink Sets from 20 00 to 12 00.
Mink Sets from 12 00 to 8 00.
Mink Sets from 10 00 to 6 00.
Alaska Mink Sets \$3 00, \$4 00 & \$5 00 per set.
Imitation Seal Sets 4 00.
Lynx Sets 5 00. Children's Furs at net cost to close out.

Notwithstanding the recent advance in woollens we have just made a reduction of 10 per cent. all around for the purpose of closing out our winter stock.

Elegant new lines of Black Dress Fabrics at 25 cents per yard just opened.
Now is the time to buy Cloaks, Furs and Woollens cheap.

McKEY & BRO.,
24 and 26 Main St., Janesville, Wis.
Sign of the Golden Sheep.

2000 Druggists

Have signed the following remarkable paper, the signatures of which can be seen at our office: Messrs. SEABURY & JOHNSON, 21 Platt St., New York:

GENTLEMEN:—For the past few years we have sold various brands of Porous Plasters. Physicians and the Public prefer

'BENSON'S CAPSINE POROUS PLASTER'

to all others.

We consider them one of the very few reliable household remedies worthy of confidence. They are Superior to all other Porous Plasters or Medicines for External Use."



FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON! Every Day without change of cars.

Only Line East Running the Famous Dining Cars

Connects at Niagara Falls and Buffalo with the New York Central and Erie Railways.

HENRY C. WENTWORTH, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't, Chicago.

H. R. LEIDY, General Manager

I WILL SELL DURING THE

Christmas & New Years

HOLIDAYS,

My entire line of Children's & Ladies' Cloaks, Dolmans, Shawls,

Mink, Cape Seal, Lynx and other Furs at cost. I will open to

morrow a large assortment of Holiday Goods, which I have re-

ceived on consignment from A. T. Stewart's, for the Holidays.

THO'S LEECH.

my21dawl

COLLINS'

Cherry COUGH CURE!

Has received the endorsement of every one who has used it. Read what

some of them say:

MRS. H. A. PATTERSON—"I cheerfully certify that I have found it all that is claimed for it."

S. F. CARPENTER—"I consider it the very best cough medicine I have ever used."

G. YERGEN—"I consider it the best preparation for the throat that I have ever used."

H. V. SMITH—"I cheerfully recommend it as pleasant to the taste, and very beneficial to the throat."

D. D. BENNETT—"It is the best preparation I have ever used for removing irritation of the throat so common with speakers and singers."

E. D. TALLMAN—"I consider it not only the pleasantest but the very best cough medicine I have ever used."

E. LEAVITT—"I consider it the best preparation for the throat that I have ever used."

Sold and Warranted to Cure by

PRENTISS & EVENSON,

Druggists, Opposite the Post Office, Janesville.

A POSITIVE CURE

WITHOUT MEDICINES.

ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED DOUGIES

PATENTED OCTOBER 16, 1876.

ONE BOX

No. 1 will cure any case in four days, or less.

No. 2 will cure the Most Obstinate Case, no matter of how long standing.

No nauseous doses of Cubebs, Copaiba or Oil of Sandalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach.

No Syringes or Astringent Injections to produce other serious complications.

Price \$1.50. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS or mailed on receipt of Price.

For further particulars send to druggist in your city for Circular.

J. C. ALLAN CO., P. O. Box 1533. No. 83 John St., New York.

We offer \$500 Reward for any case they will not cure.

Quick, Safe, and Sure Cure.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

G. T. Lewis & Menzies Co.

PHILADELPHIA.

To Justices of the Peace.

Blankets for Justice's Return to County Board.

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WISCONSIN.

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Admiration

OF THE

WORLD.

A NOTABLE EVENT!

Mrs. S. A. Allen's

WORLD'S

Hair Restorer

IS PERFECTION.

A Noble Record; near Half a Century!

Established 1832. Improved 1879

The nature of the great improvement is in

wonderful life-giving properties to faded or falling

hair, and MORE QUICKLY CHANGING

GRAY OR WHITE HAIR to its natural youth-

ful COLOR and BEAUTY.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It requires only a few applications to restore

gray hair to its youthful color and lustrous beau-

ty, and induce luxuriant growth, and its occa-

sional use as all that is needed to preserve it in

its highest perfection and beauty. DANDRUFF

is quickly and permanently removed.

Sold by all Druggists, \$1.25 per Bottle

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SACRED SUBJECTS.

The Topics of Talk and Thought
Among the Church Folk.The following are the services to be held
at the several churches of the city to-morrow:

BRIEFLETS.

—Mid-Leat to-morrow.
—Round the Round Table to-night.
—No services at Court street church this evening.

—Song and testimony service at the First Methodist church to-night.

—One lonely drunk was on the records of the Police Court to-day. Ten days.

—E. C. Bailey, is still very low, and there seems little or no chance for his recovery.

—Jas. Mourn is rightly named. He has become so destitute that to-day he was sent to the Poor House.

—The case against Tim O'Rourke, for cutting ice in the river, is occupying Justice Pritchard's attention to-day.

—H. A. Skavlin, of Oxford, pleaded guilty yesterday, before Justice Wickham, to selling hard cider. He was taxed \$10 and costs.

—Mr. Salzman is traveling for Sherman Bros. & Co., of Chicago, instead of Roundy & Co., of Milwaukee, as has been erroneously stated.

—The Doctor of Alcantara in revised form at Lippie's Music hall, Monday and Tuesday evenings. Only twenty-five cents for reserved seats.

—John Spang and Andrew Jackson have been complained of for violating the health ordinance, by throwing off on a vacant lot near St. Patrick's church.

—Dr. Paracelsus will not offend the most fastidious at the Opera next Monday and Tuesday evenings by using "cuss" words, he having found an antidote for the same.

—Found—in this city, on Wednesday night, a sum of money. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges, on calling at the Gazette office.

—Miss Gavin, who gave such enjoyable readings at St. Patrick's church lately, is expected to be in Janesville again on the 17th inst., and will probably read at the Opera house.

—D. E. Murphy, special agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co., is in the city to-day. He is crowded to overflowing with facts and figures to show up the good points of his company, and is wide-awake.

—Prof. Proctor, the great English astronomer, is to lecture at Goodwin's Opera house, Beloit, next Tuesday evening on "The Birth and Death of Worlds." The lecture is to be under the auspices of the Archæan Union.

—The cast of characters in the Doctor of Alcantara is to be the same as when presented before, except that C. H. Patterson is to take the part of "Perez," and T. H. Murphy will be his fellow porter "Sancho." These parts were taken by the Clark brothers the last time it was given.

—The postoffice has received a supply of foreign postal cards. It cost only two cents to thus write to any country in the International Postal Union. Two cents seems a small sum for carrying a card from here across the ocean, and into the interior of another continent, and the cards will be doubtless freely used.

—The youth of the period who has read successfully and successively "Wild Bill," "Buffalo Bill," and others of the dime series, hurried into King's newsroom the other day, and with blood in his eye called for a copy of "Biennial Bill." It broke his heart when he found there was nothing in it about Indians and bowie knives.

—The Young Men's Association have lately added Scribner's and Harper's magazines and the North American Review to their library, and are to let the members have the benefit of reading them, on the book loan system, except that the magazines are to be kept out only a week. They are to be kept, and bound, and added to the library.

—The oddest thing we have seen of late is the illuminated night clock, which Fred Fellows has in his show window. The clock goes round and the hands stand still. It is attached to any gas burner and looks much like an ordinary porcelain globe. It can be so arranged that a fellow don't have to climb out of bed to find what time it is, and as there are some folk who are foolish enough to stay awake nights and wonder what o'clock it is, this just hits their case. For the sick room, and for the early risers it must be handy, but the young ladies in the parlor will object to the old folks having one in their room, and such lords of creation as stay out late, won't take kindly to it, but such folk seem to object to all sorts of clocks.

Home Comforts. Moderate rates, ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTISS & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.
The thermometer at 6 o'clock last evening stood at 36 degrees above; at 1 o'clock a. m., to-day at 28 degrees above; at 7 o'clock a. m. at 25 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock p. m. at 43 degrees above. Clear.

The indications to-day are, for the upper lake region, falling, preceded in the eastern portion by rising barometer, westerly, backing to warmer southerly winds, occasional snow, followed by "clear or fair weather."

St. JACOB OIL relieves bodily pain.

A HAPPY SOCIAL.

Last evening one of the pleasantest socials at the season was held at the residence of J. W. Nash. The evening was taken up with instrumental and vocal music, reading by Rev. T. P. Sawin, recitations by Miss Kunkle the elocutionist, and a short play entitled "The Gumnion Women's Association." A large company was in attendance and every one went away feeling well repaid for going.

MALARIA DESTROYED.

G. A. J. Gadsby, of Brockville, Canada, certifies that he was prostrated by a malarial disease contracted in Texas, and was quickly and completely cured by the use of Warner's Safe Pills and Safe Bitters. He adds: "I shall never travel in that climate without your Safe Pills and Bitters as a part of my outfit."

Court Street M. E. Church.—Corner of Main and Court streets. Rev. HENRY FAVILLE, Pastor. Residence High, Corner of Ravine. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.

Rev. John Faville, of Fox Lake, will occupy the pulpit to-morrow evening. An inquiry meeting will be held at the close of the evening service.

Presbyterian Church.—On Jackson street. A. M., and 7:00 P. M.

Rev. Farrel Hart, of White Pigeon, Mich., will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

Congregational Church.—Corner of Jackson and Dodge streets. Rev. T. P. Sawin, Pastor. Services 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

In the morning the pastor will preach upon "In Remembrance of Me." After the sermon the communion of the Lord's Supper will be observed. In the evening he will lecture on "Religion in Business."

First M. E. Church.—Corner of Jackson and Center streets. Rev. H. S. Sawin, Pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. Sunday-school at 12 P. M. Prayer-meetings Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

The pastor's morning theme is "Talents Improved." In the evening he will speak on "Talents Unimproved."

All Souls Church.—Corner of Court and Bluff streets. Rev. J. L. Jones, Pastor. Sunday services at 10:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12:15 P. M.

The pastor will speak to-morrow morning on "Woe and Wedding," it being the first of a series of six lectures on "Home Making."

M. E. C. A.—Meeting 9 o'clock every morning (except Sabbath). Regular Sabbath afternoon meeting at 3. All are welcome.

The Association will hold a song service to-morrow afternoon, at Cannon's hall, at 3 o'clock. Some excellent singers will be present, and Mr. Kent with his cornet, will assist. Everybody is invited to be present.

Baptist Church.—North-east corner of Jackson and Pleasant streets. Pastor, Rev. F. L. Chapin. Residence, 62 Madison street. Public worship Sabbath morning and evening. Bible School at 12 M. Young people's meeting at 8 o'clock every Tuesday evening. Prayer Meeting Thursday evening. Usual hours.

Preaching service in the morning as usual.

Trinity Church.—Corner of Jackson and Bluff streets. Rev. THOMAS W. MACKLE, Rector. Services, Holy Communion at 8 o'clock; second service at 10:30 A. M., and evening service at 7:00 P. M. On the first Sunday in the month no 8 o'clock service.

Christ Church.—On Court street. Rev. A. L. Rorer, Rector. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:00 P. M.

St. Mary's Church.—Catholic.—Corner of Wisconsin and North First streets. Rev. J. W. McClellan, Pastor. Services at 8 and 10:30 A. M.; Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m.

St. Patrick's Church.—Corner of Holmes and Cherry streets. Rev. JAMES M. DORRIS, Pastor. Services at 8:00 A. M., 10:30 A. M. and Vespers at 3:00 P. M.

African Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Green C. Harrison, Pastor. Services in Young Men's Association Rooms.

OAKHILL WATER WORKS.

The work of putting in a water supply at the cemetery has already commenced. A well is being dug on the high ground in the new part of the cemetery, and the shaft is now sunk sixty-five or seventy feet. The first part of the digging was through sand, and then a thin strata. Sand was again struck, and then another still thinner strata of rock, and when this was broken air came rushing through the opening. Below this is clay, in which they are at work now. It is hard and tough, and makes slow digging.

It is expected that the well will need to be one hundred and fifty feet deep before the bed rock is reached, and that they will have to drill through this about thirty feet further to get the needed supply, making the well in all about one hundred and eighty feet deep.

The supply of water thus obtained will prove of great advantage in beautifying the grounds, and will prove a long needed convenience. Pipes are to be laid along the principal streets, and from these can be run smaller pipes to the lots, by those desiring. By thus having a water supply the grounds can be beautified by fountains and the inconvenience of getting water for plants and flowers will soon be a thing of the past.

The grounds are beautiful by nature's work, and have already been improved to that extent which makes strangers visiting them admire with enthusiastic words their beauty, and this improvement in water facilities will add still more. It is an improvement in which all should be actively interested, and which should be given public encouragement.

MARK'S LATEST.

"A Trump Abroad" is the title of "Mark Twain's" latest work, it being a companion volume to his "Innocents Abroad." It is an easy conversational account of the author's two years tramp through the most interesting portions of Europe, giving vivid descriptions of scenes, interesting incidents, the meetings and greetings and of people, the peculiarities of climate and of folk, in fact a great variety of observations on men and things, and the whole is wreathed with a smile. It is no dry book of travels. It is funny. Very funny. Mr. Clemens can crowd more mirth into a page than any other humorist living. He has such a happy faculty of mixing sense with nonsense that one can no more help laughing than he can help breathing. The tale is not forced but bubbles out, and trickles through every sentence, and floods the pages, and there is enough real thought back of it to make it reliable to all. Twain isn't content with making clownish grimaces, or forcing puns, but makes thought itself laugh heartily and cheerily.

This new work is more interesting and more mirthful than "Innocents Abroad," and when we say that, it is enough. Its pages are beautifully illustrated, and the pictures are good reading of themselves. The agent of the publishers is in the city now, and will call upon our citizens and give them a chance to subscribe.

A Fair Offer.

The Voltaic Belt Company, Marshall, Michigan, will send their Celebrated Electric Voltaic Belt and other Appliances to the afflicted upon trial. A sure cure guaranteed for all diseases of a personal nature, Nervous and Debilitated systems resulting from unnatural causes. Also, for all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Rheumatism, Paralysis and many other diseases. For full particulars, address as above.

jan5d4w3m

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jan5d4w3m

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LOCAL MATTERS.

Fits.—All Fits are stopped free by Dr. KLINE'S FIT CURE and GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. 361 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. feb16d4w3m

Wanted.

Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of \$100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars, address as above. nov17d4w3m

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery.

For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sullivan's Bookstore. feb16d4w3m

The Famous Bethesda.

R. Dunbar's Celebrated Bethesda Water of Waukegan, Wis.—The marvel of the age and acknowledged by the medical world as a specific for diabetes, Bright's disease, and all kindred diseases. For sale by E. B. Holmstrom, Janesville, Wis. oct16d4w3m

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. LAMAR, Station D, New York City. jan16d4w3m

Brown's Household Panacea.

Is the most effective Pain Destroyer in the world. Will most surely quicken the blood whether taken internally or applied externally, and thereby more certainly R. LIEVE PAIN, whether chronic or acute, than any other pain alleviator, and it is warranted double the strength of any similar preparation. feb16d4w3m

It cures pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache and ALLACHES and is the GREAT RELIEVER of PAIN. BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA should be in every family. A teaspoonful of the Panacea in a tumbler of hot water (sweetened if preferred), taken at bedtime, will BREAK UP A COLD. 25 cents a bottle.

Undoubtedly with children, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by Worms. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMBIS, or Worm Lozenges, although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be absolutely sure in eradicating worms, so harmful to children. Twenty-five cents a box.

Much Sickness.

Undoubtedly with children, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by Worms. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMBIS, or Worm Lozenges, although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be absolutely sure in eradicating worms, so harmful to children. Twenty-five cents a box.

COMMERCIAL.

JANESVILLE MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY BUNY & GRAY GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, March 3.

Flour—Winter, \$1.75 per sack; Minnesota, \$1.60; Wisconsin, \$1.40. Patent \$2.00.

Rye Flour—\$2.25 per 100 lbs.

Buckwheat Flour—75c per sack.

Wheat—Winter, 1.05@1.13; Good to best milling spring 1.05@1.13; shipping grades 90@92 1/2.

Wheat Bran—70c per 100; \$1.40 per ton.

Meal—coarse, 80c per 100; bolted 85c per sack.

FEED—90c per 100 lbs.

Hempseed—\$2.00 per 100 lbs. Ton \$18.

Rye—in demand at 74@75c.

Barley—Good to fair samples 50@55c; low grades 35@45c.

Corn—shelled per 60 lbs, 33@35c; new ear or 75 lbs 33@35c.

Oats—White 30@31c; mixed 29@30c.

Timothy Seed—in demand at \$2.20@2.50 per 40 pounds.

Clover Seed—good demand at \$2.75@3.25 per bushel.

Potatoes—Peach Blows 35@40c; other varieties 30@35c.

Butter—scarc at 22@23c.

Eggs—scarc at 75@85c per bushel.

Eggs—good supply at 10@11c fresh.

Hides—Green, 12@13c; calfs 10@12c; Dry, 12@14c.

Wool—Ranges at 40@45c; 1/2 off for unmerchantable.

Sheep Pelts—Range at 75@85c each.

LIVE STOCK.—Cattle \$2.50@4.00 per 100 lbs; Hogs 3.50@4.00 per 100 lbs.

Poultry—Turkeys 9@10c; Chickens 6@7c.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 5.

WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat Cash, 1.25 c; No 3 spring wheat cash \$1.00 c.

Corn—No 2 cash, 57 1/2c.

BARLEY—Extra No. 3 cash, 55c cents.

PORK—cash new, \$11.75.

LARD—cash \$7.17 1/2.

LIVE HOGS—3.40@4.60 according to grade.

BUTTER—33@37 1/2; 20@22c 16@20c, according to quality.

CHEESE—9@15, according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh 11@15c.

HAY—Timothy No 1, at \$13.00@13.50 per ton; No 2 at 11.00@12.00.

HOPS—30@35c.

BONNY—Good to new choice comb in boxes 16@18 cents.

SEEDS—Clover at \$4.25@4.40 per bu; Timothy at \$1.75@2.00; Flax at 1.65@1.75.

TALLOW—6@6 1/2c No 1.

WHEATY—1.07.

WOOL—Tub washed, poor conditioned and common coarse to choice medium, 52@57c; unwashed, fine, 28@31c; do, coarse to medium, 33@37c; best washed according to grade and condition, 32@33c. Dirty, heavy and damaged lots sell at a discount of 30c per lb.

New York Monetary Market.

JANUARY, March 5.

Flour—dull and weak.

Wheat—opened firm; advanced 1/2c and closed unsettled; No 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.24 1/2c; No 1 Milwaukee \$1.22 1/2c; No 2 do \$1.19 1/2c; March \$1.19 1/2c; April \$1.20 1/2c; May \$1.25c; No 3 \$1.18c; No 4 \$1.02c; rejected 9c.

CORN—No 2 37 1/2c.

OATS—No 2 31c.

RYE—No 1 75 1/2c.

BARLEY—No 2 54c.

PORK—cash new, \$11.70.

LARD—prime steam \$7.15.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 5.

Money, 6 per cent.

Sterling exchange bankers' bills \$4.81 1/2c; sight exchange on New York 4.57 1/2c.

Government bonds strong.

State bonds dull.

Stocks active.

HARDY FRUITS!

OUR SPECIALTY.

Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Hardy Trees in the State.

We offer to the spring trade 100,000 Apple and Siberian Trees of all best varieties for the North-west, also GRAPE VINES, a full assortment, and of all small fruits and ornamental shrubs a complete stock.

SPECIAL ITEMS: 50,000 APPLE, best varieties, extra size, 6 to 9 feet. 3,000 EVERGREENS in variety, 4 to 6 feet, with small Evergreens in large quantity, all of which were not pruned last spring and now are as safe to plant as a carrot bush. Also White Elm, Mountain Ash, White Ash, Birch and other Shade Trees from 6 to 12 feet high. These special items will be sold at the Nursery below cost of production, as the ground must be cleared this spring. Come and see the stock; send for Catalogue. Packing and shipping facilities complete and at low rates. Farmers' produce taken in exchange as cash.

J. C. PLUMB & SON, GREEN HILL NURSERY, MILTON, WIS. mard5d4w3m

BLANKS!

Constables' Accounts with Rock County AT GAZETTE OFFICE. mard5d4w3m

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

HERE WE GO AGAIN

No use of talking—have got to have a guardian appointed to keep us from giving away goods.

Every day, rain or snow, mud or slush, they will come in and buy something, if nothing more than a box of ten cent collars.

When a fellow gets up on his ear, and hitches four horses and a mule to a stone boat, to come through the mud for a new suit of clothes, it shows that he means business. We should have sold the suit to him all the same if he had taken only one horse and then walked in. Receiving goods every day for little old men, big young boys, and large sized infants. We keep good goods to sell, and sell good goods for keeps. One more lot of those twenty five cent overalls, just received from the Hub.

Fifty dozen more of those ten cent socks. Goods sent by telephone or on postal cards when desired, if cash comes with the order.

E. T. FOOTE.

West Milwaukee St., two doors west of the Post Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. SIMPSON'S SPECIAL MEDICINE. It is a positive cure for Spasmodic, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Pains Back or Side, and diseases proceeding from the same. It is a safe and reliable remedy, and is sold in Janesville by Croft & Sherer, and all druggists everywhere. feb16d4w3m

Wanted Immediately. TWO GOOD DINING ROOM GIRLS. ALSO A First Class 2nd Cook at Once, AT THE GRAND HOTEL! feb27d4w3m

FOR SALE

At a BARGAIN

A NEW IMPROVED

HOWE

SEWING MACHINE

Call and see it.

F. A. BENNETT'S

Marble Works.

Call and see it.

FOR SALE.

5 New Milch Cows

AND ONE SINGLE BUGGY. Call on or address Mrs. MARY WRIGHT, Milton Avenue. mard1d4w3m

For Sale!

At Gazette Counting Room, A Backford Knitting Machine

Which will be sold at a bargain.

DRAWING JURORS.

OFFICE OF CLERK CIRCUIT COURT, Rock Co., Wis., Feb. 28, 1890. Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 13th day of March, 1890, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in the City of Janesville, I shall proceed to draw the Petit Jurors for the April Term of said Court in the manner provided by law. J. A. W. BALDWIN, Clerk. feb28d4w3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Empire DRUG STORE

This is the oldest established Drug Store in Janesville, and has well earned the title of "THE OLD RELIABLE."

Every article found in an enterprising and first class establishment of this kind is kept constantly on hand. All descriptions of

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Oils, PAINTS, Brushes & Toilet Articles.

Kept in abundance. I have for sale the celebrated

CELLULOID TRUSS

The best truss ever made, and all other kinds in stock.

Prescriptions & Family Receipts

Prepared promptly and with accuracy. I always keep one of the largest, the most varied, and best stock of

CIGARS

To be found in the city. NO. 27 NORTH MAIN ST., JANESVILLE, WIS

Wm. M.